

# Jigsaw RE Knowledge Organiser

<b>Religion /Worldview: Sikhi</b>	<b>Enquiry Question: Why do Sikhs admire their gurus?</b>	<b>Age: 5-7 Enquiry 2</b>
In this unit, the children learn about the Sikh Gurus and how their teachings have an impact today.		

This knowledge organiser is a guide, offering key information to point the teacher in the right direction as to the beliefs underpinning the particular enquiry. The summaries must not be taken as the beliefs of ALL members of the particular religion.

<b>Core Knowledge</b> (see also background information documents)		<b>Link to other aspects of belief</b>	<b>Personal connection / resonance</b>
<p>Guru Nanak was the founder of Sikhism. He was the first of 10 very special teachers called the Gurus. Important teachings Guru Nanak shared included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• There is only one God (and the Ik Onkar - the Sikh symbol meaning there is only one God)</li> <li>• All people are equal</li> <li>• All humans can speak directly to God</li> </ul> <p>All the Guru's demonstrate the three core theological beliefs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Remembering God:</b> There is only one God –Waheguru. Everyone can speak directly to God</li> <li>• <b>Sharing</b> and helping others-Seva</li> <li>• <b>Hard work</b> is important</li> </ul> <p>The Guru Granth Sahib is the Sikh holy text. It is always treated with the utmost respect, the same respect as a living Guru of the Sikhs.</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Worship in the Gurdwara</li> <li>• Respecting the Guru Granth Sahib</li> <li>• The Langar meal</li> <li>• Vand Ke Chakna – sharing with others</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What do I believe about working hard and sharing?</li> <li>• Are there any special people in my life that have helped me act in the right way?</li> </ul>
<b>Key Terms and definitions</b>	<b>History/Context</b>	<b>Impact on believer/daily life</b>	<b>Spiral curriculum link</b>
1 <sup>st</sup> Guru Nanak Dev –Founder of the Sikh religion. 2 <sup>nd</sup> Guru Angad Dev Ji- 3 <sup>rd</sup> Guru Amar Das Sahib Ji 4 <sup>th</sup> Guru Ram Das Ji 5 <sup>th</sup> Guru Arjan Dev Ji 6 <sup>th</sup> Guru Hargobind Sahib Ji 7 <sup>th</sup> Guru Har Rai Ji 8 <sup>th</sup> Guru Har Krishan Ji 9 <sup>th</sup> Guru Tegh Bahadur Ji 10 <sup>th</sup> Guru Gobind Singh formed the Khalsa (a group of baptised Sikhs) and introduced the wearing of the 5Ks Guru Granth Sahib- last Guru – Holy Text	Guru Nanak was the founder of Sikhism. He was born in 1469 in Pakistan and his family were Sanatanis (sometimes referred to as Hindu). As a boy, he was keen to spend time with God and was always asking questions One morning Guru Nanak was meditating by the river when he disappeared for 3 days When he returned, he gave his possessions to the poor and spent years travelling sharing his message. He died in 1539.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Everyday life will reflect the moral code laid out in the example of the Gurus and in the Guru Granth Sahib</li> <li>• Guru Gobind Singh (the 10<sup>th</sup> Guru) introduced many of the customs Sikhs practice today. He formed the Khalsa, which is a group of baptised Sikhs who have fully dedicated themselves to their faith, in 1699,</li> <li>• Every Guru is important as they have helped to shape Sikhi as it is today.</li> </ul>	This enquiry revisits some of the learning from Enquiry 1 and examines other gurus and their lives.
<b>Home learning ideas/questions:</b> How do we support each other by giving advice and guidance?			